

became known as the Seafarers' International Union of Canada. The Chicago Black Hawks won the Stanley Cup, symbol of hockey supremacy. *Apr. 19*, K. Sankara Pillai, First Secretary, Indian High Commissioner's Office, Ottawa, slain in his office by an intruder. *Apr. 21*, Death of Victor Sifton, editor and publisher of the Winnipeg Free Press. *Apr. 25*, Dr. Michael W. Partington, Toronto Hospital for Sick Children, named first "Queen Elizabeth II Scientist", the highest award for research by the Queen Elizabeth II Canadian Fund set up by the Federal Government in 1959 to mark the Queen's visit to Canada. *Apr. 27*, Sierra Leone ceased to be a British Colony and joined the Commonwealth as a sovereign independent nation; a \$5,000 book credit established as Canada's independence gift.

May: *May 1-2*, His Excellency Habib Bourguiba, Sr., President of Tunisia, on state visit to Ottawa. *May 2*, New flagship of the Canadian Pacific fleet *Empress of Canada*, the largest passenger ship ever to come to Montreal, arrived after her maiden voyage. *May 3*, The Federal Government concluded agreement with Red China for sales of grain amounting to \$362,000,000. *May 4*, The *Federal Maple*, first of two passenger-cargo ships presented by Canada to the Federation of the West Indies under the Canada-West Indies Aid Programme, launched. U.S. Astronaut Alan B. Shepard carried 115 miles into space and successfully returned to earth. *May 13*, Transport Minister Balcer announced new shipping policy featuring the subsidizing of Canadian shipyards and the reservation for Canadian vessels of the coasting trade in the Great Lakes. *May 16-18*, U.S. President Kennedy and Mrs. Kennedy on state visit to Ottawa. *May 24-27*, Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion of Israel on official visit to Canada. *May 28*, Swiftsure Lightship trophy won by Bonar Davis in Ches Rickard's *Winsome III*, first Canadian victory in 30-year history of the race held annually off Victoria. *May 29*, Viscount Amory appointed British High Commissioner to Canada, succeeding Sir Saville Garner. *May 31*, South Africa became a republic outside the British Commonwealth.

June: *June 1*, Canada's tenth decennial Census begun. *June 5*, "Earnsliffe", once the home of Sir John A. Macdonald and now the residence of the British High Commissioner to Canada, officially marked as a national historic site. *June 6*, Royal Society of Canada medals awarded to Gérard Malchelosse, Montreal, Que.; Robertson Davies, Peterborough, Ont.; R. M. Petrie, Royal Oak, B.C.; Guy Frégault, Ottawa University; W. H. White, University of British Columbia; and C. P. Leblond, McGill University. *June 12*, Announcement of agreement between the Canadian Government and the U.S. Government to strengthen the North American region of the North Atlantic Alliance by Canada receiving 66 F-101B U.S.-made Voodoo jet interceptor aircraft in exchange for assuming operational and maintenance responsibilities of the Pinetree Line; both governments also agreed upon a joint Mutual Aid program providing for the procurement of 200 F-104G Starfighter jet aircraft from Canadian sources. *June 12-24*, Governor General Vanier and Mrs. Vanier on 6,000-mile tour of the Northwest Territories. *June 13*, Expropriations by the National Capital Commission completed for the 41,000-acre Green Belt surrounding Ottawa. *June 13-July 14*, Bitter controversy between Bank of Canada Governor James E. Coyne and the Federal Cabinet over fiscal and monetary policy, involving the appearance of Mr. Coyne before a Senate Committee and Senate rejection of a Government Bill to declare the position of Governor vacant, and culminating in resignation of Mr. Coyne. *June 15*, Report of the Royal Commission on Publications tabled in the House of Commons. *June 25*, Death of Hon. J.

A. D. McCurdy, former Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia and the first man in the Commonwealth to pilot a powered aircraft. *June 25-26*, Prime Minister Hyato Ikeda of Japan visited Ottawa. *June 28*, Aid to prairie farmers in drought crisis announced by Prime Minister Diefenbaker.

July: *July 6*, Robert N. Thompson, Red Deer, Alta., elected national leader of the Social Credit Party of Canada, succeeding Solon Low, at the Party national convention held in Ottawa. *July 13*, Rt. Hon. Duncan Sandys, British Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, met Canadian Cabinet Ministers in Ottawa for talks re Britain's possible entry into the European Common Market. *July 12*, Death of Mazo de la Roche, Canadian writer and author of the *Jalna* series of books. *July 13*, Roy Thomson, newspaper publisher, appointed Chancellor of Memorial University of Newfoundland. *July 21*, Prime Minister Diefenbaker officially opened the \$34,000,000 government-built Arctic town of Inuvik. U.S. Astronaut Virgil I. Grissom successfully rocketed 118 miles into space at 5,280 mph. WO2 Norman Beckett, Ancaster, Ont., won the Queen's Prize for marksmanship at Bisley, England. *July 22*, New \$25,000,000 Northwest Telecommunications System microwave network, the largest single microwave project in Canada, inaugurated at Whitehorse, Y.T., by Prime Minister Diefenbaker. *July 24*, Louis Rasminsky appointed Governor of the Bank of Canada.

August: *Aug. 2*, Hon. Leslie Frost, Premier of Ontario for 12 years, announced his resignation as leader of the Ontario Progressive Conservative Party. *Aug. 3*, Premier Thomas Clement Douglas of Saskatchewan elected national leader of the newly formed New Democratic Party at Ottawa-held convention. The British Columbia Government approved the taking over of the British Columbia Electric Company as a Crown corporation. *Aug. 7*, Major Gherman S. Titov, Soviet astronaut, successfully completed space flight which carried him 17 times around the earth in 25 hours and 18 minutes. Bob Hayward in *Miss Superstest III* won the Harmsworth Trophy for Canada for the third successive year, setting a world record of 126.22 mph. for unlimited class hydroplanes; Hayward died on Sept. 12 when his craft capsized on the Detroit River. *Aug. 14-15*, Second conference of provincial premiers held at Charlottetown, P.E.I. *Aug. 10*, The National Capital Commission authorized to proceed with the historical re-development of the east side of Sussex Drive in Ottawa; Peter J. Stokes, restoration architect of Upper Canada Village near Cornwall, Ont., engaged Sept. 27 to plan the project as part of Canada's centennial preparations. *Aug. 19*, Canadian paddlers won all six events in North American championships held at Dartmouth, N.S. *Aug. 26*, Prime Minister Diefenbaker officially opened the International Hockey Hall of Fame in Toronto and announced provision of annual grants of \$5,000,000 in aid of Canadian amateur sport.

September: *Sept. 1*, Above-ground nuclear test explosion in central Asia by U.S.S.R., first by any power in almost three years, beginning a series of tests that culminated in the explosion, on Oct. 31, of a 50-megaton hydrogen bomb. The first oil-drilling rig in the Arctic Islands unloaded in preparation for drilling near Winter Harbour on Melville Island. *Sept. 5*, President Kennedy of the United States ordered a resumption of nuclear tests, to be conducted underground or in the laboratory to prevent radioactive fallout. *Sept. 6*, The first Canada Council Medals awarded to Vincent Massey, former Governor General of Canada; Lawren Harris, artist; A. Y. Jackson, artist; E. J. Pratt, poet; Healey Willan, musician;